PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

16 Analog Inputs, 16-bit A/D Resolution, Dual 16-bit Analog Outputs, Four Digital I/O

User's Guide



PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

Analog I/O and Digital I/O Board

User's Guide



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About this User's Guide

What you will learn from this user's guide

This user's guide explains how to install, configure, and use the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO so that you get the most out of its analog I/O, digital I/O and counter features. This user's guide also refers you to related documents available on our web site, and to technical support resources.

Conventions in this user's guide

The following conventions are used in this manual to convey special information:

For more information on ...

Text presented in a box signifies additional information and helpful hints related to the subject matter you are reading.

Caution!	Shaded caution statements present information to help you avoid injuring yourself and others, damaging your hardware, or losing your data.
<#:#>	Angle brackets that enclose numbers separated by a colon signify a range of numbers, such as those assigned to registers, bit settings, etc.
bold text	Bold text is used for the names of objects on the screen, such as buttons, text boxes, and check boxes. For example:
	1. Insert the disk or CD and click the OK button.
italic text	Italic text is used for the names of manuals and help topic titles, and to emphasize a word or phrase. For example: The InstaCal installation procedure is explained in the Quick Start Guide.

Where to find more information

The following electronic documents provide information relevant to the operation of the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO.

Never touch the exposed pins or circuit connections on the board.

- MCC's Specifications: PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO (the PDF version of the Specifications chapter in this guide) is available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/pdfs/PC-CARD-DAS16-16AO.pdf.
- MCC's Quick Start Guide is available on our web site at www.mccdag.com/PDFmanuals/DAQ-Software-Quick-Start.pdf.
- MCC's Guide to Signal Connections is available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/signals/signals.pdf.
- MCC's *Universal Library User's Guide* is available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/sm-ul-user-guide.pdf.
- MCC's Universal Library Function Reference is available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/sm-ul-functions.pdf.
- MCC's *Universal Library for LabVIEW*[™] *User's Guide* is available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/SM-UL-LabVIEW.pdf.

PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO User's Guide (this document) is also available on our web site at www.mccdag.com/PDFmanuals/PC-CARD-DAS16-16AO.pdf.

Introducing the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

Overview: PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO features

The PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO is a data acquisition and control board for IBM PC compatible computers with PCMCIA type II slots. The PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO provides 16 single-ended or 8 differential analog inputs, 16-bit A/D resolution, two analog outputs, four digital I/O lines, and three 16-bit down counters.

The analog input range is fully programmable in one of four bipolar ranges. An on-board pacer clock, or an external pacer input, or software polling can trigger A/D conversions. Transfers are via software polling, interrupt service or REP-INSW. A 4096-word FIFO buffer provides buffering between the A/D circuit and the PCMCIA bus.

The PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO provides two single-ended 16-bit analog voltage outputs. The analog output range is ± 10 V.

The four digital I/O bits are available on one 4-bit port. The digital channels are software configurable as four inputs or four outputs, and allow you to sense and control discrete events.

All signals pass through a 50-pin high-density connector. The board is completely plug-and-play, with no switches or jumpers to set.

PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO block diagram

PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO functions are illustrated in the block diagram shown here.

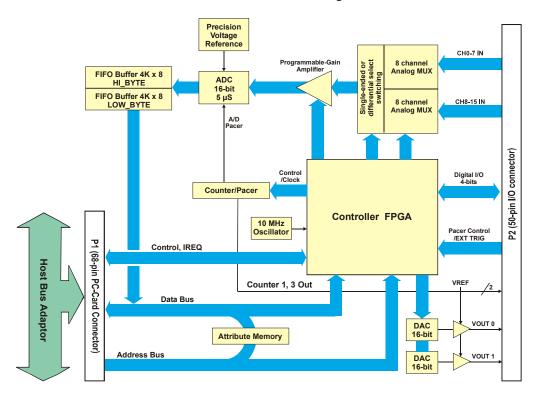


Figure 1. PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO functional block diagram

Software features

For information on the features of *Insta*Cal and the other software included with your PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO, refer to the *Quick Start Guide* that shipped with your device. The *Quick Start Guide* is also available in PDF at www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/DAQ-Software-Quick-Start.pdf.

Check www.mccdaq.com/download.htm for the latest software version.

Installing the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

What comes with your PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO shipment?

The following items are shipped with the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO.

Hardware

PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO



Additional documentation

In addition to this hardware user's guide, you should also receive the *Quick Start Guide* (available in PDF at www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/DAQ-Software-Quick-Start.pdf). This booklet supplies a brief description of the software you received with your PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO and information regarding installation of that software. Please read this booklet completely before installing any software or hardware.

Optional components

Cables

products.



Signal termination and conditioning accessories
 MCC provides signal conditioning and termination products for use with the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO.
 Refer to Field wiring and signal termination on page 13 for a complete list of compatible accessory

Unpacking the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

As with any electronic device, you should take care while handling to avoid damage from static electricity. Before removing the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO from its packaging, ground yourself using a wrist strap or by simply touching the computer chassis or other grounded object to eliminate any stored static charge.

If any components are missing or damaged, notify Measurement Computing Corporation immediately by phone, fax, or e-mail:

Phone: 508-946-5100 and follow the instructions for reaching Tech Support.

■ Fax: 508-946-9500 to the attention of Tech Support

■ Email: techsupport@mccdag.com

Installing the software

Refer to the *Quick Start Guide* for instructions on installing the software on the *Measurement Computing Data Acquisition Software CD*. This booklet is available in PDF at www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/DAQ-Software-Quick-Start.pdf.

Installing the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

The PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO board is completely plug-and-play. There are no switches or jumpers to set. To install your board, follow the steps below.

Install the MCC DAQ software before you install your board

The driver needed to run your board is installed with the MCC DAQ software. Therefore, you need to install the MCC DAQ software before you install your board. Refer to the *Quick Start Guide* for instructions on installing the software.

To install your PC-Card, do the following:

Insert the card into a free PC Card/PCMCIA type II or III slot. The key helps to insure that the cable is
inserted in the correct orientation.

You do not have to turn the computer off. The system is designed for power-on installation. You should hear an insertion beep when you insert the card.

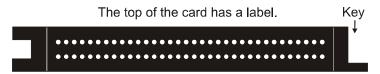


Figure 2. End view of the 50-pin PC-CARD connector showing proper orientation

Windows automatically detects, recognizes, and configures the PC-CARD. You should hear an insertion beep when you insert the card into the slot. To verify that the card is recognized, go to Control Panel\System\Device Manager and the card should now appear under "DAS Component."

If your PCMCIA card is not detected

If the card is not detected by Windows, and you are not prompted for a driver after inserting the card, check that your computer's 32-bit PCMCIA drivers are installed and enabled. Do the following:

 From your desktop, right-click on My Computer and select Properties. The System Properties dialog opens.

- 2. Select the **Hardware** tab and click on the **Device Manager** button.
- 3. Verify that "PCMCIA adapters" is listed in the Device Manager. If you don't find this entry, or if the properties for the adapter indicate "this device is not working," you need to install or update your PCMCIA adapter drivers.
 - o If the PCMCIA adapter is not listed, use the **Add New Hardware Wizard** to install PCMCIA support.
 - If the PCMCIA adapter is listed but not working, use the Update Driver option to install the appropriate drivers.

After performing the update procedure, reboot your PC and insert your card again.

Connecting the board for I/O operations

Connectors, cables - I/O connector

The table below lists the board connector, applicable cables, and compatible accessory products.

Board connector, cables, and accessory equipment

Connector type	50-pin connector
Compatible cables	■ CPCC-50F-39: 50-pin Micro connector to 50-pin female IDC, one-meter cable (39 inches).
	■ CPCC-50M-4: 50-pin Micro connector to 50-pin male IDC, 4 inch adapter cable.
	and
	■ C50FF-x: 50-pin IDC female to female cable. x = length in feet.
Compatible accessory	CIO-MINI50
products	SCB-50

Pin out - I/O connector

Figure 3 shows a PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO case looking into the male mini-connector. The connector is mechanically keyed to insure that the cable is inserted correctly.



Chassis Ground & Digital Ground on Connector Housing & Shield

Figure 3. 50-pin I/O mini-connector

Cabling

Measurement Computing offers two cables for connecting the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO to a screw-type terminal board or other signal conditioning interface board:

- The CPCC-50F-39 cable: 39 inches (990 mm) long; compatible with standard 50-pin screw terminal products.
- The CPCC-50M-4 cable: four-inch long adapter cable; required when using a C50FF-x series cable.

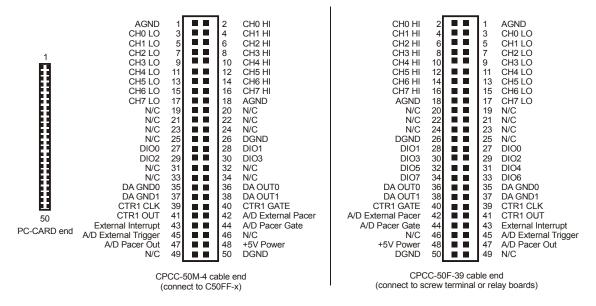


Figure 4. Differential mode cable map — PC-CARD to CPCC-50M-4 and to CPCC-50F-39

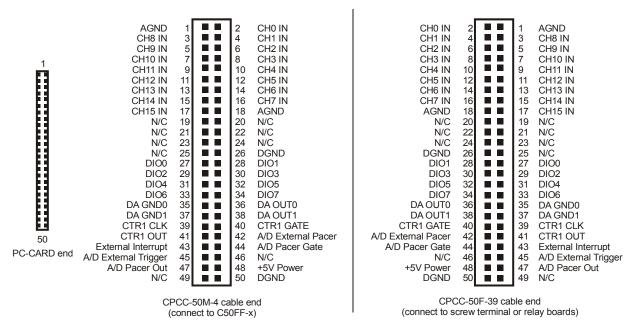


Figure 5. Single-ended mode cable map — PC-CARD to CPCC-50M-4 and to CPCC-50F-39

Note

Digital signals should not be grounded to an analog ground (AGND) pin. Use a digital ground (DGND) pin.

Caution! Do not exceed the input specifications. There are no socketed or user serviceable parts in a PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO. Check the specifications and input voltages *before* connecting any signals.

CPCC-50F-39

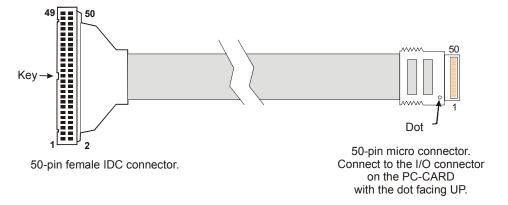


Figure 6. CPCC-50F-39 cable connections

Details on the CPCC-50F-39 cable are available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/cbicatalog/cbiproduct.asp?dept id=105&pf id=1379.

CPCC-50M-4

If your application requires a cable that is longer than one meter in length, use the CPCC-50M-4 four-inch cable, and connect to a C50FF-x cable.

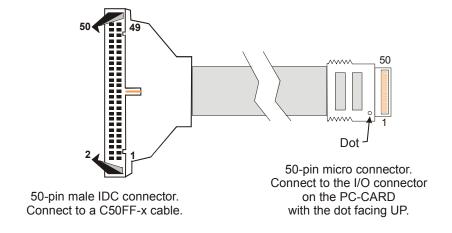


Figure 7. CPCC-50M-4 cable connections

Details on the CPCC-50M-4 cable are available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/cbicatalog/cbiproduct.asp?dept_id=96&pf_id=1380.

C50FF-x

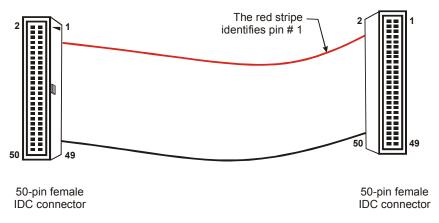


Figure 8. C50FF-x cable

Details on the C50FF-x cable are available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/cbicatalog/cbiproduct.asp?dept_id=104&pf_id=136.

Field wiring and signal termination

You can use the following cabling, screw termination, and signal conditioning products with the CPCC-50F-39 cable, or with the CPCC-50M-4 and C50FF-x cables:

- CIO-MINI50 50-pin screw terminal board. Details on this product are available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/cbicatalog/cbiproduct.asp?dept_id=102&pf_id=258.
- SCB-50 50 conductor, shielded signal connection/screw terminal box provides two independent 50-pin connections. Details on this product are available on our web site at www.mccdaq.com/cbicatalog/cbiproduct.asp?dept_id=196&pf_id=1168.

Information on signal connections

General information regarding signal connection and configuration is available in the *Guide to Signal Connections* (available at www.mccdaq.com/signals/signals.pdf).

Calibrating the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

The PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO features auto-calibration with *Insta*Cal. Calibration coefficients for each range are stored on board in nonvolatile RAM. The normal calibration interval is once per year.

Programming and Developing Applications

After following the installation instructions in Chapter 2, your board should now be installed and ready for use. In general there may be no correspondence among registers for different boards. Software written at the register-level for other models does not function correctly with your board.

Programming languages

Measurement Computing's Universal Library provides access to board functions from a variety of Windows programming languages. If you are planning to write programs, or would like to run the example programs for Visual Basic[®] or any other language, please refer to the *Universal Library User's Guide* (available on our web site at www.mccdag.com/PDFmanuals/sm-ul-user-guide.pdf).

Packaged applications programs

Many packaged application programs now have drivers for your board. If the package you own does not have drivers for the board, please fax or e-mail the package name and the revision number from the install disks. We will research the package for you and advise how to obtain drivers.

Some application drivers are included with the Universal Library package, but not with the application package. If you have purchased an application package directly from the software vendor, you may need to purchase our Universal Library and drivers. Please contact us by phone, fax or e-mail:

Phone: 508-946-5100 and follow the instructions for reaching Tech Support.

Fax: 508-946-9500 to the attention of Tech Support

■ Email: <u>techsupport@mccdaq.com</u>

Register-level programming

You should use the Universal Library or one of the packaged application programs mentioned above to control your board. Only experienced programmers should try register-level programming.

Functional Details

Analog input resolution and range

The 16-bit A/D converter provides a resolution of 1/65,536 parts of full scale. The smallest reading of full scale (1 part in 65,536) is called a Least Significant Bit (LSB). Four different bipolar ranges are controlled by software:

Analog input ranges

Bipolar	1 LSB
±10 V	0.000305 V
±5 V	0.000153 V
±2.5 V	0.000076 V
±1.25 V	0.000038 V

The input range is controlled by a programmable-gain amplifier.

Conversion speed and amplification

The A/D chip always runs at full speed. The A/D converter and sample & hold circuit captures and digitizes a signal in 5 μ s. The conversion speed of the A/D remains constant in all conditions and at all throughput rates. When you request a sample rate of say 20 kHz, the A/D converter is still converting the signal in 5 μ s. The 20 kHz rate comes from the fact that conversions are being initiated only every 50 μ s.

What factors limit conversion speed?

The first is clearly the A/D. A 5µs conversion speed translates to a maximum throughput of 200 kHz. The second limiting factor can be the analog front end.

The front end may consist of a multiplexer and a programmable gain amplifier. The speed at which these circuits can switch may also limit the throughput of the A/D board. That is, the rate at which it can acquire, convert and transfer a signal with full accuracy. Accuracy is the key term here. The A/D can always run at full speed, but has the front end settled and captured a true, accurate signal?

What about input range vs. speed?

The design of the analog front end is crucial to maintaining total throughput. Most A/D chips have a fixed input range, typically ± 5 V. The analog front end amplifies low level signals and adjusts unipolar signals to match the A/D converter's standard input. The PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO achieves 200 kHz in all of the four ranges for single channel acquisitions.

Triggering and transfer

A trigger begins an acquisition/transfer cycle. There are three ways to trigger a PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO — programmable pacer, software, or external. The trigger source selection is programmable.

The programmable pacer is the quotient of two 16-bit counters dividing a 10 MHz or 1 MHz wave derived from a 10 MHz crystal oscillator which can be used to trigger any number of paced conversions. A single conversion can be triggered by software at any time. External trigger, pacer clock and gate signals may also be used to control conversions and synchronize to external events.

After a conversion is made, the sample is stored in a 4096-word (sample) FIFO buffer from which it may be retrieved one sample at a time or in blocks via REP-INSW transfers.

How does the FIFO size and design affect throughput?

The 4096-sample FIFO buffer stores samples from the A/D converter as they are being converted. When a block of samples is ready and when the PC is ready, the FIFO is emptied into system memory. Most FIFO designs employ a half-full transfer initiation circuit. When the FIFO is half full, the transfer request is made. Samples continue to fill the second half of the FIFO while the CPU responds to the transfer request and transfers data to system memory.

A/D pacer clock

Many analog acquisitions can be handled by a simple on-board rate divider created by combining an XTAL with a programmable counter. For those, the on-board 82C54 programmable rate generator (counter) supplies the pacing. However, some applications require customized rate control.

The PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO analog conversions may be externally triggered and thereby synchronized with events external to the computer. Conversions can be held off until some external event, such as a not-to-exceed condition is met. Conversions may be externally gated so that samples are taken only when an event of interest is occurring, such as a process going over normal limits.

Figure 9 shows a logic diagram of the A/D pacer clock and counters.

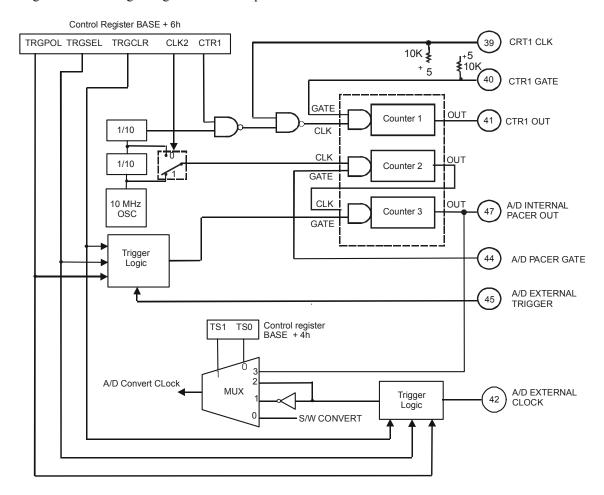


Figure 9. Counter/pacer logic diagram

Specifications

Typical for 25 °C unless otherwise specified. Specifications in *italic text* are guaranteed by design.

Analog input

Table 1. Analog input specifications

A/D converter type	AD976A	
Resolution	16 bits	
Number of channels	16 single-ended / 8 differential, software selectable	
Input ranges	$\pm 10 \text{ V}, \pm 5 \text{ V}, \pm 2.5 \text{ V}, \pm 1.25 \text{ V}, \text{ software programmable}$	
A/D pacing (software programmable)	 Internal counter - 82C54 External source - A/D External Pacer, software programmable for rising or falling edge Software polled 	
A/D trigger sources	External edge trigger (A/D External Trigger)	
A/D triggering modes	Rising or falling edge trigger - software selectable	
A/D gate sources A/D External Trigger, gate high or low, software selectable		
	A/D Pacer Gate, gate high	
Burst mode	Software selectable option, burst rate = 100 kHz	
Data transfer	From 4 k sample FIFO via REPINSW	
	Programmed I/O	
A/D conversion time	5 μs max	
Calibrated throughput	200 kHz single channel, 100 kHz multiple channel. Minimum system requirement is Pentium II, 400 MHz.	
Calibration	Auto-calibration, calibration factors for each range stored on board in nonvolatile RAM	

Accuracy

Accuracies are listed for a 200 kHz sampling rate, single channel operation, a 60 minute warm-up, and operational temperatures within ± 2 °C of internal calibration temperature. The calibrator test source high side is tied to Channel 0 In, and the low side tied to AGND.

Table 2. Absolute Accuracy specifications

Range	Absolute accuracy
±10.00 V	±5.0 LSB max
±5.000 V	±5.0 LSB max
±2.500 V	±5.0 LSB max
±1.250 V	±5.0 LSB max

Each PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO is tested at the factory to assure the board's overall error does not exceed accuracy limits described in Table 2.

Table 3. Calibrated accuracy specifications

Range	Gain Error	Offset Error	DLE (Note 1)	ILE (Note 1)
±10.00 V	±3 max	±1.5 max	-1.0, +1.75 max	±2.0 max
±5.000 V	±3 max	±1.5 max	-1.0, +1.75 max	±2.0 max
±2.500 V	±3 max	±1.5 max	-1.0, +1.75 max	±2.0 max
±1.250 V	±3 max	±1.5 max	-1.0, +1.75 max	±2.0 max

Note 1: These are the intrinsic specifications of the ADC. Software calibration may introduce a small additional amount of linearity error.

As shown in Table 3, total board error is a combination of gain, offset, differential linearity and integral linearity error. The theoretical worst-case error of the board may be calculated by summing these component errors. Worst case errors are realized only in the unlikely event that each of the component errors are at their maximum level, and causing error in the same direction.

Analog input full-scale gain drift	±0.60 LSB/°C max
Analog input zero drift	±0.15 LSB/°C max
Overall analog input drift	±0.75 LSB/°C max
Common mode range	±10 V min
CMRR @ 60 Hz	-76 dB min
Input leakage current	±20 nA max
Input impedance	10 MOhms min
Absolute maximum input voltage	+55/-40 V (fault protected via input mux)

Crosstalk

Crosstalk is defined here as the influence of one channel upon another when scanning two channels at the maximum rate. A full scale 100 Hz triangle wave is input on channel 1; channel 0 is tied to analog ground at the connector. The table below summarizes the influence of channel 1 on channel 0 with the effects of noise removed. The residue on channel zero is described in LSB's.

Table 4. Channel to channel crosstalk specifications

Condition	Crosstalk	Per channel Rate	ADC Rate
±10.00 V	5LSB _{pk-pk}	50 kHz	100 kHz
±5.000 V	6LSB _{pk-pk}	50 kHz	100 kHz
±2.500 V	7LSB _{pk-pk}	50 kHz	100 kHz
±1.250 V	10LSB _{pk-pk}	50 kHz	100 kHz

Noise performance

Table 5 summarizes the noise performance for the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO. Noise distribution is determined by gathering 50K samples at 200 kHz with inputs tied to ground at the user connector.

Table 5. Noise performance specifications

Range	% within ±2 LSBs	% within ±1 LSB	Typical LSBrms*	Max LSBrms*
All ranges	78%	47%	1.8	4.7

^{*} RMS noise is defined as the peak-to-peak bin spread divided by 6.6.

Analog output

Table 6. Analog output specifications

D/A converter type	LTC1655
Resolution	16 bits
Number of channels	2
Configuration	Voltage output, single-ended
Output range	±10 V
D/A pacing	Software
Data transfer	Programmed I/O
Throughput	System dependent. Using the Universal Library programmed output function (cbAout) in a loop in Visual Basic, a typical update rate of 1.5 kHz (±200 Hz) can be expected. The rate was measured on a 400 MHz Pentium II based PC.

Accuracy

Table 7. Accuracy specifications

Absolute accuracy	±12.0 LSB worst case error
Typical accuracy	±10.0 LSB worst case error

Table 8. Calibrated accuracy components

Gain error	±3.0 LSB max, ±1.0 LSB typ
Offset error	±1.5 LSB max, ±0.5 LSB typ
Integral linearity error	±20.0 LSB max, ±8.0 LSB typ
Differential linearity error	± 1.0 LSB max, ± 0.3 LSB typ

Each PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO is tested at the factory to assure the board's overall error does not exceed ± 12.0 LSB.

Total board error is a combination of gain, offset, integral linearity and differential linearity error. The theoretical worst-case error of the board may be calculated by summing these component errors. Worst case error is realized only in the unlikely event that each of the component errors are at their maximum level, and causing error in the same direction. Although an examination of the chart and a summation of the maximum theoretical errors shows that the board could theoretically exhibit a ± 25.5 LSB error, our testing assures this error is never realized in a board that we ship.

Typical accuracy is derived directly from the various component typical errors. This typical, maximum error calculation for the PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO yields ± 10.0 LSB. However, this again assumes that each of the errors contributes in the same direction and the ± 10.0 LSB specification is quite conservative.

Monotonicity	Guaranteed monotonic over temperature
Analog output full-scale gain drift	±5.0 LSB/°C max
Analog output zero drift	±0.5 LSB/°C max
Overall analog output drift	±5.5 LSB/°C max
Slew rate	$\pm 0.7 \text{ V/}\mu\text{s min}$
Current drive	±2 mA min
Output short-circuit duration	Indefinite @ 12 mA
Output coupling	DC
Output impedance	0.1 ohms max

Miscellaneous	Double buffered output latches
	Coding: Offset Binary (0 code = -FS, 65535 code = +FS)
	Output voltage on power up and reset: -10 V (-FS)

Digital input/output

Table 9. DIO specifications

Digital type	FPGA
Number of I/O	4
Configuration	One port, programmable
	4 input or 4 output
Input low voltage	0.8 V max
Input high voltage	2.0 V min
Output low voltage (IOL = 4 mA)	0.32 V max
Output high voltage (IOH = -4 mA)	3.86 V min
Absolute maximum input voltage	-0.5 V , +5.5 V
Power-up / reset state	Input mode (high impedance)

Interrupt

Table 10. Interrupt specifications

Interrupts	Programmable: Levels 2 – 15	
Interrupt enable	Programmable. Default = disabled.	
Interrupt sources	External (External Interrupt)	
	A/D End-of-channel-scan	
	A/D FIFO-not-empty	
	A/D FIFO-half-full	
	A/D Pacer	

Counter

Table 11. Counter specifications

Counter type	82C54	
Configuration	3 down counters, 16 bits each	
Counter 1 - User counter	Source: Programmable external (Ctr 1 Clk) or 100 kHz internal source	
	Gate: Available at connector (Ctr 1 Gate), pulled to logic high via 10K resistor (See Note 2)	
	Output: Available at connector (Ctr 1 Out)	
Counter 2 - ADC Pacer Lower Divider	Source: Programmable, 1MHz or 10 MHz internal source	
	Gate: Available at connector (A/D Pacer Gate), pulled to logic high via 10K resistor.	
	Output: Chained to Counter 3 Clock	
Counter 3 - ADC Pacer Upper Divider	Source: Counter 2 Output	
	Gate: Internal	
	Output: Programmable as ADC Pacer clock. Available at user connector	
	(ADC Pacer out)	
Clock input frequency	10 MHz max	
High pulse width (clock input)	30 ns min	
Low pulse width (clock input)	50 ns min	
Gate width high	50 ns min	
Gate width low	50 ns min	
Input low voltage	0.8 V max	
Input high voltage	2.0 V min	
Output low voltage	0.4 V max	
Output high voltage	3.0 V min	
Crystal oscillator frequency	10 MHz	
Frequency accuracy	50 ppm	

Note 2: If you are not driving the gate of User Counter 1, it is strongly recommended that it be connected to +5V (VDD).

Power consumption

Table 12. Power consumption specifications

5V quiescent	150 mA typical, 170 mA max
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Miscellaneous

Table 13. Miscellaneous specifications

+5 Volts	Available at I\O connector (+5V Power)	
	Protected by resettable fuse:	
	Hold current:	350 mA max @ 20 °C still air
	Trip current:	700 mA min @ 20 °C still air
	Trip and recovery time:	100 mS max
	On resistance:	1.3 Ohms max

Environmental

Table 14. Environmental specifications

Operating temperature range	0 to 70 °C
Storage temperature range	-40 to 100 °C
Humidity	0 to 95% non-condensing

Mechanical

Table 15. Mechanical specifications

Card dimensions PCMCIA type II: 85.6 mm (L) x 54.0 mm (W) x 5.0 mm (H)

Connector and pin out

Table 16. Connector specifications

Connector type	50-pin connector
Compatible cables	CPCC-50F-39: 50-pin Micro connector to 50-pin female IDC, one-meter cable (39 inches).
	CPCC-50M-4: 50-pin Micro connector to 50-pin male IDC, 4 inch adapter cable.
	and
	C50FF-x: 50-pin IDC female to female cable. $x = length$ in feet.
Compatible accessory products	CIO-MINI50
	SCB-50

Table 17. 8-channel Differential mode pin out

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	AGND	26	DGND
2	CH0 HI	27	DIO0
3	CH0 LO	28	DIO1
4	CH1 HI	29	DIO2
5	CH1 LO	30	DIO3
6	CH2 HI	31	NC
7	CH2 LO	32	NC
8	CH3 HI	33	NC
9	CH3 LO	34	NC
10	CH4 HI	35	DA GND0
11	CH4 LO	36	DA OUTO
12	CH5 HI	37	DA GND1
13	CH5 LO	38	DA OUT1
14	CH6 HI	39	CTR1 CLK
15	CH6 LO	40	CTR1 GATE
16	CH7 HI	41	CTR1 OUT
17	CH7 LO	42	A/D EXTERNAL PACER
18	AGND	43	EXTERNAL INTERRUPT
19	N/C	44	A/D PACER GATE
20	N/C	45	A/D EXTERNAL TRIGGER
21	N/C	46	N/C
22	N/C	47	A/D PACER OUT
23	N/C	48	VDD +5V POWER
24	N/C	49	N/C
25	N/C	50	DGND

Table 18. 16-channel Single-ended mode pin out

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	AGND	26	DGND
2	CH0 IN	27	DIO0
3	CH8 IN	28	DIO1
4	CH1 IN	29	DIO2
5	CH9 IN	30	DIO3
6	CH2 IN	31	NC
7	CH10 IN	32	NC
8	CH3 IN	33	NC
9	CH11IN	34	NC
10	CH4 IN	35	DA GND0
11	CH12 IN	36	DA OUT0
12	CH5 IN	37	DA GND1
13	CH13 IN	38	DA OUT1
14	CH6 IN	39	CTR1 CLK
15	CH14 IN	40	CTR1 GATE
16	CH7 IN	41	CTR1 OUT
17	CH15 IN	42	A/D EXTERNAL PACER
18	AGND	43	EXTERNAL INTERRUPT
19	N/C	44	A/D PACER GATE
20	N/C	45	A/D EXTERNAL TRIGGER
21	N/C	46	N/C
22	N/C	47	A/D PACER OUT
23	N/C	48	VDD +5V POWER
24	N/C	49	N/C
25	N/C	50	DGND

CE Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Measurement Computing Corporation

Address: 10 Commerce Way

Suite 1008

Norton, MA 02766

USA

Category: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use.

Measurement Computing Corporation declares under sole responsibility that the product

PC-CARD-DAS16/16AO

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the relevant provisions of the following standards or other documents:

EU EMC Directive 89/336/EEC: Electromagnetic Compatibility, EN 61326 (1997) Amendment 1 (1998)

Emissions: Group 1, Class A

■ EN 55011 (1990)/CISPR 11: Radiated and Conducted emissions.

Immunity: EN61326, Annex A

- IEC 1000-4-2 (1995): Electrostatic Discharge immunity, Criteria C.
- IEC 1000-4-3 (1995): Radiated Electromagnetic Field immunity Criteria B.
- IEC 1000-4-4 (1995): Electric Fast Transient Burst immunity Criteria B.
- IEC 1000-4-5 (1995): Surge immunity Criteria A.
- IEC 1000-4-6 (1996): Radio Frequency Common Mode immunity Criteria C.
- IEC 1000-4-11 (1994): Voltage Dip and Interrupt immunity Criteria A.

Tests to IEC 1000-4-8 were not required. The PC cards do not contain components that would be susceptible to magnetic fields.

Declaration of Conformity based on tests conducted by Chomerics Test Services, Woburn, MA 01801, USA in June, 2004. Test records are outlined in Chomerics Test Report #EMI3903.04.

We hereby declare that the equipment specified conforms to the above Directives and Standards.

Carl Haapaoja, Director of Quality Assurance

Callagrage

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